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John R. Blakeman Illinois State University, jrblak1@ilstu.edu

Stephen J. Stapleton *Illinois State University*

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Recommended Citation

Blakeman, John R. and Stapleton, Stephen J., "Fatigue Experienced by Women Before and During
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Fatigue Experienced by Women Before and During Myocardial Infarction: An Integrative Review John R. Blakeman, MSN, RN, PCCN^{a, b} and Stephen J. Stapleton, PhD, RN, CEN, FAEN^a Illinois State University ^a and Millikin University ^b

RESEARCH QUESTION

What is known about fatigue experienced by women during the prodromal and acute perio myocardial infarction (MI)?

AIMS

- 1. Identify what is known about prodromal an acute MI fatigue experienced by women in regard to severity, distress, quality, and tim
- 2. Summarize the current state of the prodrom and acute MI fatigue literature and make recommendations for clinical practice and study

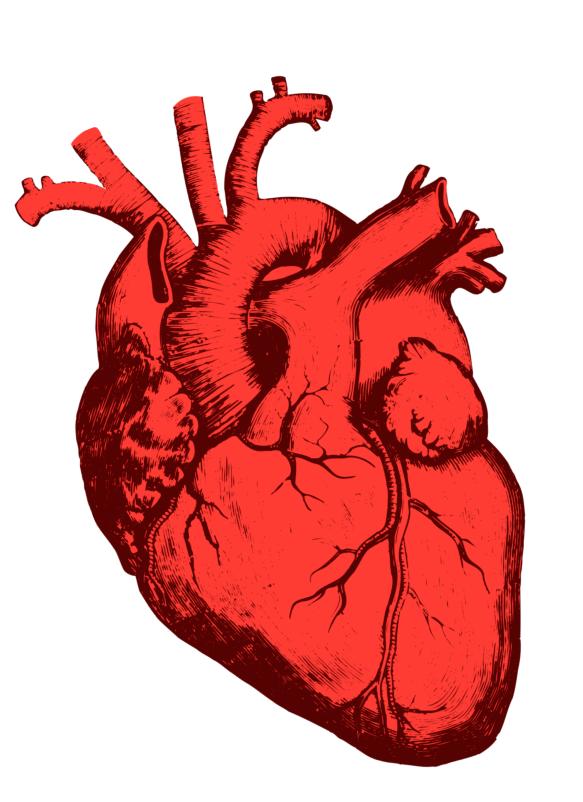
BACKGROUND

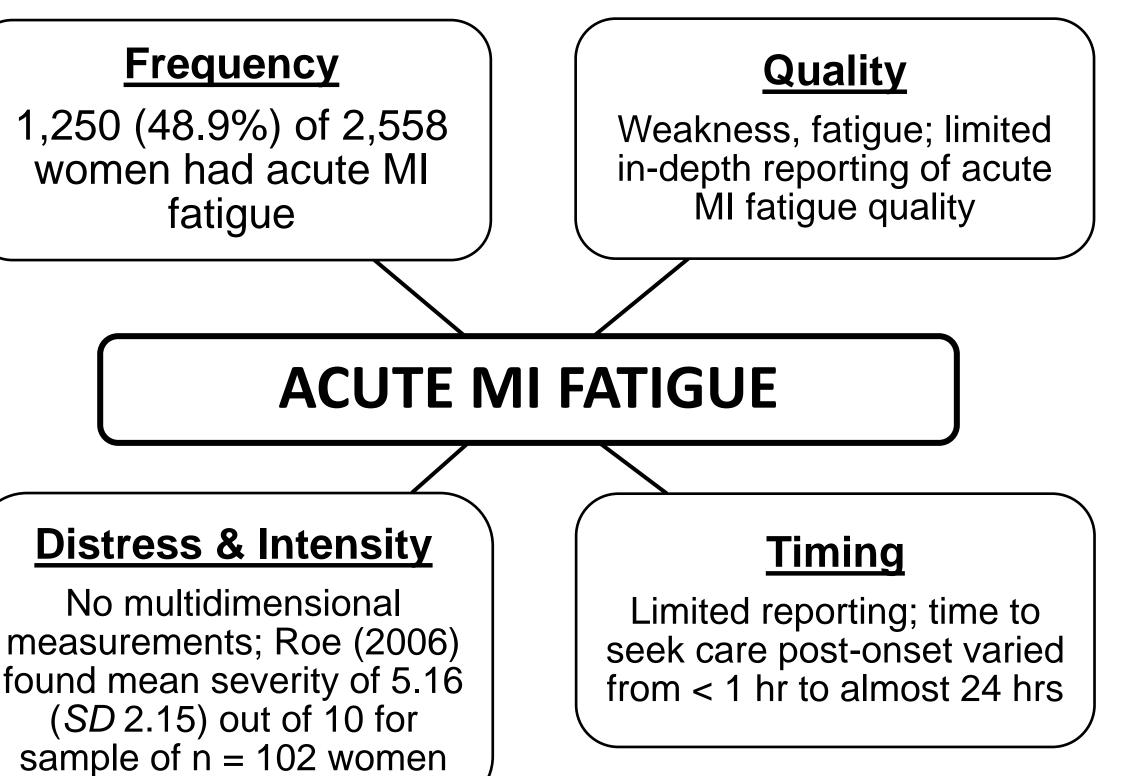
- Heart disease the number one cause of for women (Mozaffarian et al., 2015)
- In U.S.A., over 250,000 women hospitalized annually with MI (Mehta et al., 2016)
- Fatigue the most common prodromal MI symptom experienced by women and a common acute MI symptom (Blakeman & Booker, 2015; DeVon et al., 2016)
- Limited depth of understanding of prodromal MI fatigue (Blakeman & Booker, 2015)
- Fatigue is complex, and multidimensional understanding of this symptom necessary for clinical applicability and decision making (Blakeman & Booker, 2015; Whitehead, 2009)

METHODS

adult ods of	 Integrative review – Whittemor
	 Framework: Theory of Unpleas Gift, & Suppe, 1997)
	• Databases: CINAHL, PubMed,
nd n ing mal future	 Inclusion criteria: a) Original research or seconda b) Report the prevalence, sever or prodromal MI fatigue; c) Spece d) published in English Evaluation: Johns Hopkins Nurr Model (Dearholt & Dang, 2012) Data Analysis: a) Matrix method (Miles, Huber b) Within- and across-case and c) Constant comparative method Generation of themes after
f death	RESU
	 See handout for full literature au
	characteristics

- \mathbf{U}





re and Knafl (2005) sant Symptoms (Lenz, Pugh, Milligan,

PsychARTICLES, PsychINFO

ary analysis with additional insight; rity, and/or characteristics of acute cify fatigue experienced by women;

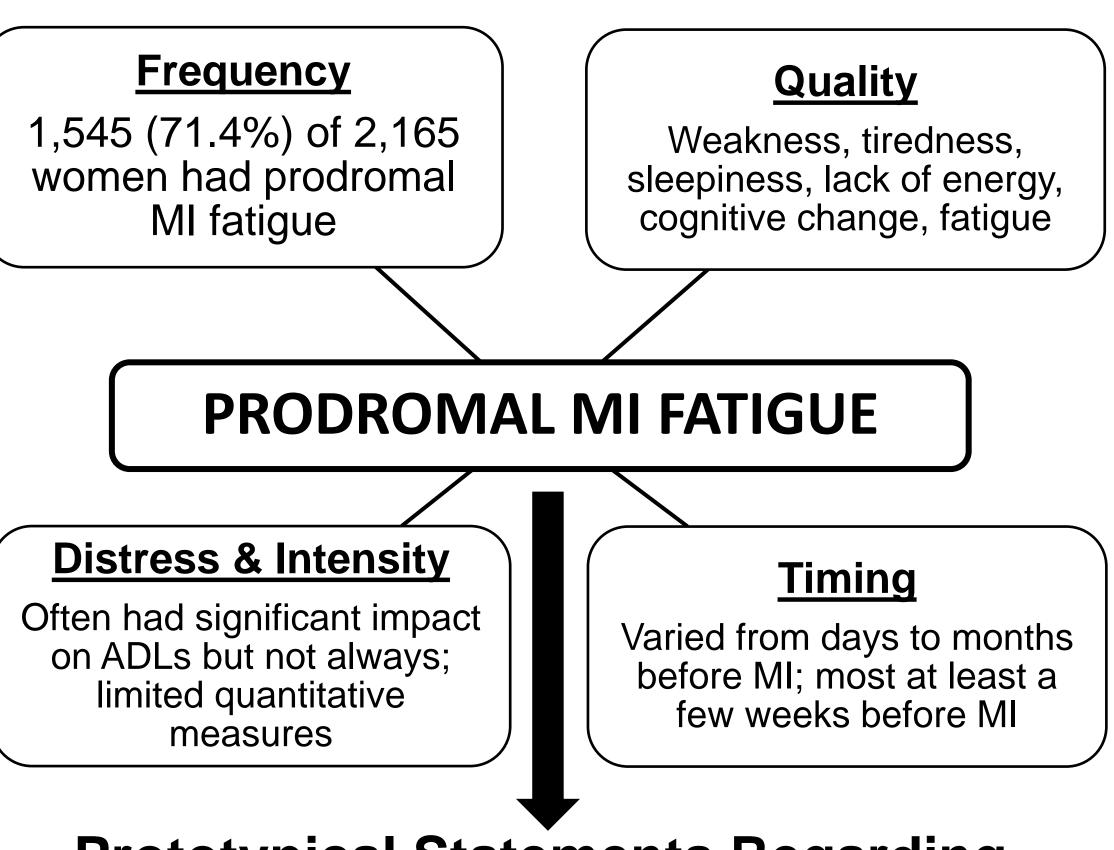
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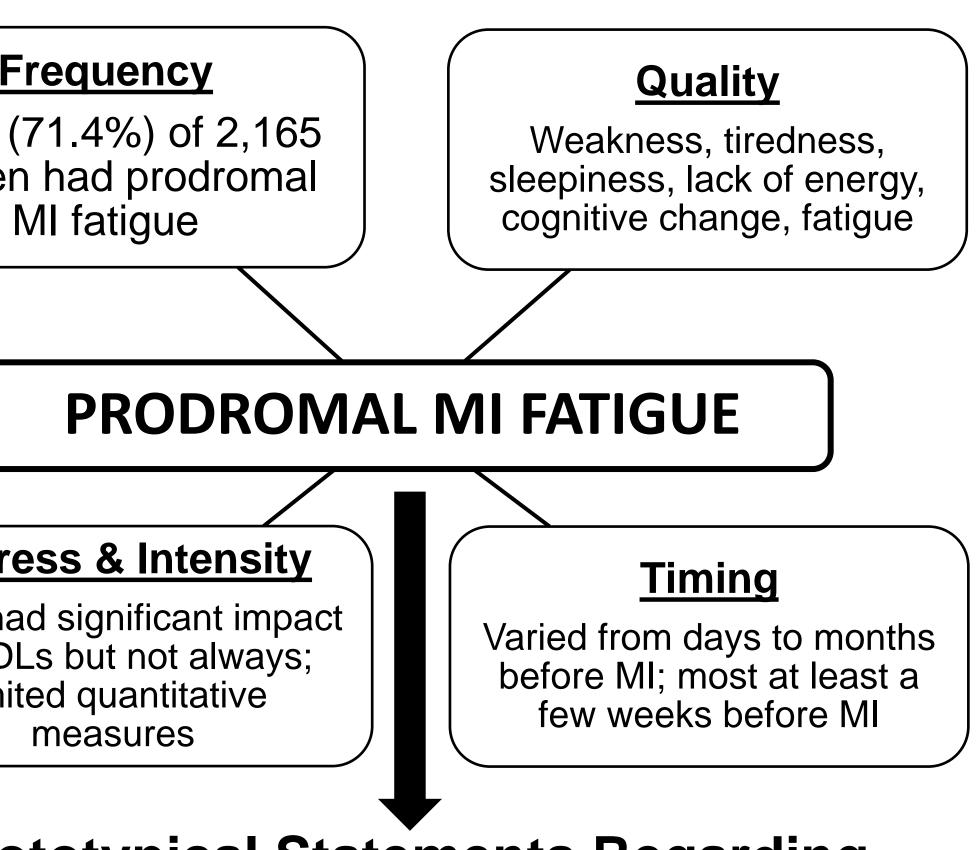
rman, & Saldana, 2014) nalysis (Miles et al., 2014) thod (Lincoln & Guba, 1985) r discussion/agreement

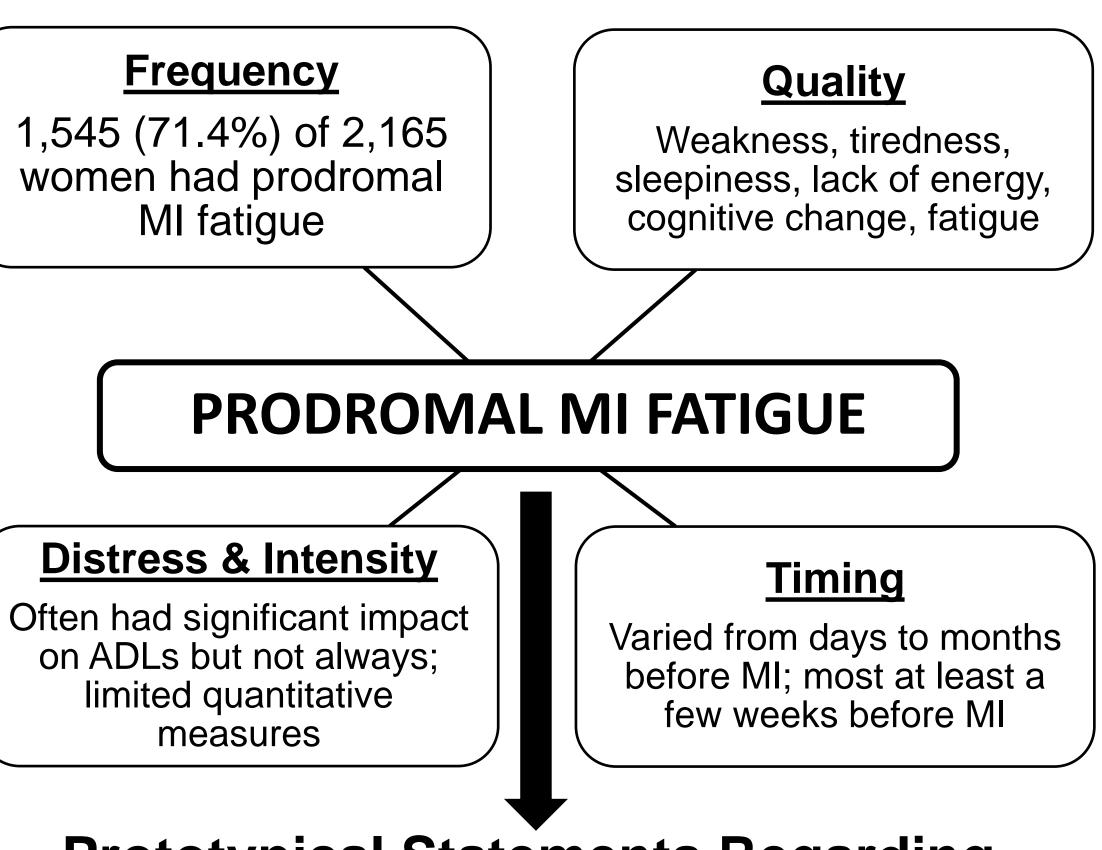
LTS

udit trail and manuscript

21 studies included: 9 quantitative, 6 qualitative, 6 mixed-methods







Prototypical Statements Regarding Prodromal MI Fatigue

IMPLICATIONS & CONCLUSIONS



"someone had drained everything out of me" (McSweeney & Crane, 2000, p. 141)

"didn't have the energy to fix something to eat" (Bruno, 2013, p. 115)

"tired more so than usual" (Albarran et al., 2007, p. 1296)

"started feeling weaker and weaker" (McSweeney 1998, p. 77)

Multidimensional understanding of MIrelated fatigue needed

Most studies relied on self-report, retrospective in nature

Clinical applicability still complicated,

given prevalence of fatigue in general population, other comorbidities

Clinicians should consider fatigue as an important symptom, in context of other patient factors and signs/symptoms

